## **Mariposa County**

Industry Employment & Labor Force March 2003 Benchmark

Data Not Adjusted for Seasonality

| Data Not Adjusted for Geasonality            | Dec 03 | Oct 04 | Nov 04  | Dec 04  | Percent | Change |
|--|--------|--------|---------|---------|---------|--------|
|  |        |        | Revised | Prelim. | Month   | Year   |
| Civilian Labor Force (1)                     | 6,670  | 7,520  | 7,230   | 6,970   | -3.6%   | 4.5%   |
| Civilian Employment                          | 6,110  | 7,080  | 6,670   | 6,390   | -4.2%   | 4.6%   |
| Civilian Unemployment                        | 570    | 440    | 570     | 590     | 3.5%    | 3.5%   |
| Civilian Unemployment Rate                   | 8.5%   | 5.9%   | 7.8%    | 8.4%    |         |        |
| (CA Unemployment Rate)                       | 6.2%   | 5.7%   | 5.7%    | 5.4%    |         |        |
| (U.S. Unemployment Rate)                     | 5.4%   | 5.1%   | 5.2%    | 5.1%    |         |        |
| Total All Indiana (O)                        | 4 740  | 5 400  | 5 400   | 4.000   | 0.00/   | 0.00/  |
| Total, All Industries (2)                    | 4,740  | 5,430  | 5,120   | 4,920   | -3.9%   | 3.8%   |
| Total Farm                                   | 10     | 10     | 10      | 10      | 0.0%    | 0.0%   |
| Total Nonfarm                                | 4,730  | 5,420  | 5,110   | 4,910   |         | 3.8%   |
| Total Private                                | 2,810  | 3,550  | 3,330   | 3,130   |         | 11.4%  |
| Goods Producing                              | 300    | 350    | 350     | 340     | -2.9%   | 13.3%  |
| Natural Resources, Mining and Construction   | 170    | 220    | 220     | 210     | -4.5%   | 23.5%  |
| Manufacturing                                | 130    | 130    | 130     | 130     | 0.0%    | 0.0%   |
| Service Providing                            | 4,430  | 5,070  | 4,760   | 4,570   |         | 3.2%   |
| Trade, Transportation and Utilities          | 330    | 340    | 340     | 330     | -2.9%   | 0.0%   |
| Professional and Business Services           | 240    | 270    | 260     | 250     | -3.8%   | 4.2%   |
| Educational and Health Services              | 190    | 190    | 190     | 200     | 5.3%    | 5.3%   |
| Leisure and Hospitality                      | 1,570  | 2,140  | 1,940   | 1,780   |         | 13.4%  |
| Food Services and Drinking Places            | 220    | 370    | 320     | 290     | -9.4%   | 31.8%  |
| Residual-Arts, Entertainment, and Recreation | 1,350  | 1,810  | 1,660   | 1,530   |         | 13.3%  |
| Residual-Other Services                      | 180    | 260    | 250     | 230     | -8.0%   | 27.8%  |
| Government                                   | 1,920  | 1,870  | 1,780   | 1,780   | 0.0%    | -7.3%  |
| Federal Government                           | 740    | 600    | 510     | 530     | 3.9%    | -28.4% |
| State and Local Government                   | 1,180  | 1,270  | 1,270   | 1,250   | -1.6%   | 5.9%   |
| State Government                             | 160    | 190    | 180     | 170     | -5.6%   | 6.3%   |
| Local Government                             | 1,020  | 1,080  | 1,090   | 1,080   | -0.9%   | 5.9%   |

Note 1: Civilian labor force data are by place of residence; include self-employed individuals, unpaid family workers, household domestic workers, & workers on strike.

Note 2: Industry employment is by place of work; excludes self-employed individuals, unpaid family workers, household domestic workers, & workers on strike.

These data are produced by the Labor Market Information Division of the California State Employment Development Department (EDD). Questions should be directed to: Mary Mahoney-530/470-1909 or Cynthia Solorio -209/941-6550

These data, as well as other labor market data, are available via the Internet at http://www.labormarketinfo.edd.ca.gov/. If you need assistance, please call (916) 262-2162.

Editor's Note: In February 2003, the Employment Development Department began releasing official estimates of employment by industry using the new North American Industry Classification System (NAICS) rather than the Standard Industry Classification (SIC) system. As a result, some industry titles will be different than those published in past months. In addition, we have adjusted the employment estimates to include updates resulting from our annual benchmark of employment data. As a result, some of the industry titles and numbers may have undergone significant change. Please contact the Labor Market Consultant listed above if you have any questions.

#####